Deconfounding Using the Clock & Grid Method Knowledge of End-of-Life Wishes Causes Good Death Experience

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The Grid: Fill In from the Inventory; Apply the Steps

	Inventory		Grid							
	KEL GDI	E TD	н	DL	PMC	REL	MDM	IC		
1	< REL > MDM >					REL	MDM			
2	< REL > IC > MDM >					REL	MDM	IC		
3	< REL > IC >					REL		IC		
4	< TD > HI >	TD	ні							
5	< TD > HI > DL >	TD	ні	DL						
6	< TD < PMC > DL >	TD		DL	PMC					
7	< PMC > TD > HI >	TD	ні		PMC					
8	< PMC > TD > HI > DL	TD	ні	DL	PMC					
9	< PMC > DL >			DL	PMC					

KEL = knowledge of end of life wishes; GDE = good death experience; PMC = prior medical care; REL = relation to decedent; MDM = (involved in) medical decision making; IC = involved in caregiving; TD = terminal diagnosis; HI = hospice involvement; DL = death location

The Grid: Apply Steps I and II

	Inventory				Grid			
	KEL GDE	TD.	ні	DL	PMC	REL	МОМ	\
1	< REL > MDM >					REL	MDM	
2	< REL > IC > MDM >					REL	MDM	IC
3	< REL > IC >					REL		IC
4	< TD > HI >	TD	н					
5	< TD > HI > DL >	TD	н	DL				
6	< TD < PMC > DL >	TD		DL	PMC			
7	< PMC > TD > HI >	TD	н		РМС			
8	< PMC > TD > HI > DL	TD	н	DL	РМС			
9	< PMC > DL >			DL	PMC		1	' \

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STEP I
IC and MDM are
descendants of
treatment
CROSS OUT

STEP II
Death location
is a collider
Highlight for
possible use

BOX IN

The Grid: Apply Steps III and IV:

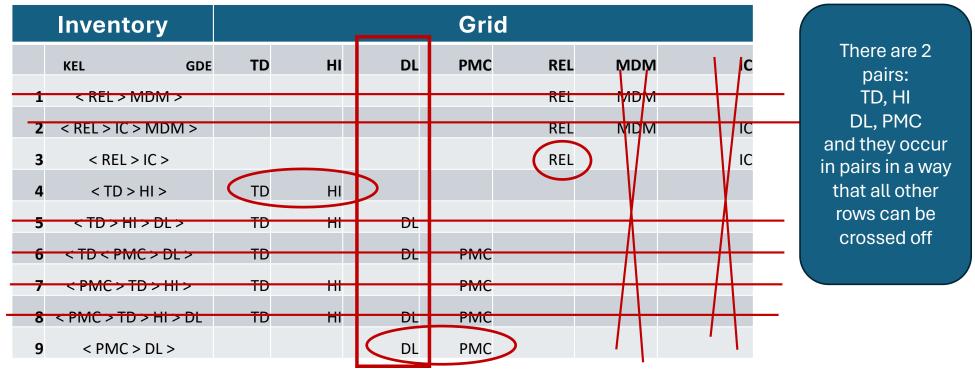
Identify Variables Alone in their Rows and Cross Off Rows with Those Variables

	Inventory		Grid						
	KEL GDI	TD	ні	DL	РМС	REL	MDM	c	
1	< REL > MDM >					REL	MDM		
2	< REL > IC > MDM >					REL	MIDIM	IC	
3	< REL > IC >					REL		IC	
4	< TD > HI >	TD	HI					V	
5	< TD > HI > DL >	TD	HI	DL					
6	< TD < PMC > DL >	TD		DL	PMC			/\	
7	< PMC > TD > HI >	TD	HI		PMC				
8	< PMC > TD > HI > DL	TD	HI	DL	PMC				
9	< PMC > DL >			DL	PMC		1	′ \	

KEL = knowledge of end of life wishes; GDE = good death experience; PMC = prior medical care; REL = relation to decedent; MDM = (involved in) medical decision making; IC = involved in caregiving; TD = terminal diagnosis; HI = hospice involvement; DL = death location

The Grid: Apply Steps III and IV Again Using Pairs:

Identify Pairs in their Rows and Cross Off Rows with Those Pairs



KEL = knowledge of end of life wishes; GDE = good death experience; PMC = prior medical care; REL = relation to decedent; MDM = (involved in) medical decision making; IC = involved in caregiving; TD = terminal diagnosis; HI = hospice involvement; DL = death location

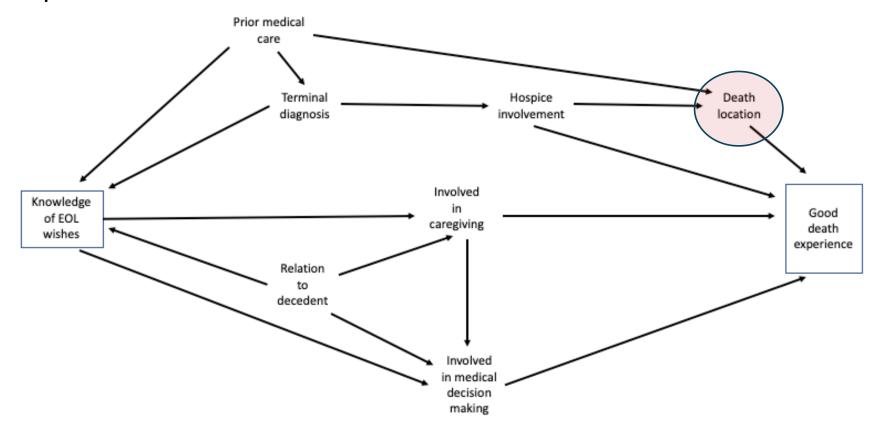
Multiple Sets and Colliders

- The grid resulted in the following three groups of variables:
 - REL; TD & HI; DL & PMC
- One member from each of these three groups must be conditioned, in the following combinations, which could be sufficient sets:
 - REL, TD, DL
 - REL, TD, PMC
 - REL, HI, DL
 - REL, HI, PMC
- But DL is a *collider* and perhaps we should not use it if it opens new confounding paths
- The final list of sufficient sets will require an a priori decision or further analysis to ascertain the cost—in terms of induced bias—of adjusting for the collider DL

Option 1: A Priori Ruling Out Colliders

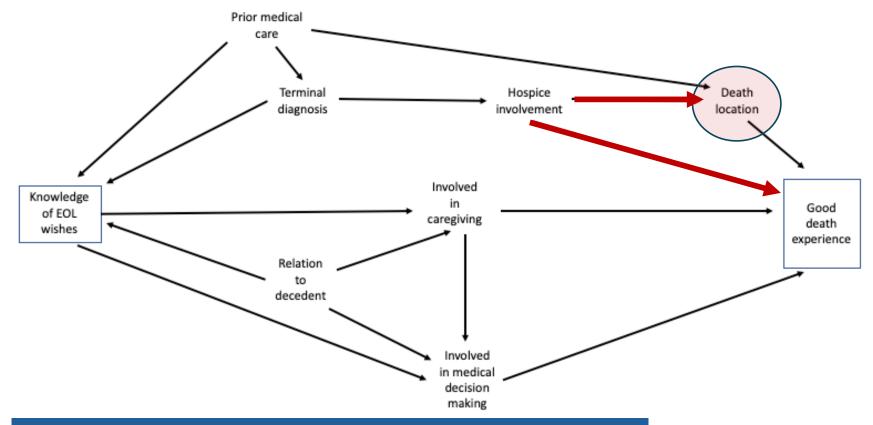
- The grid resulted in the following three groups of variables:
 - REL; TD & HI; *DL* & PMC
- Because DL is a collider, it could be ruled out a priori, given that there are two paths that do not include it.
- We could specify:
 - REL, TD, PMC
 - RDL, HI, PMC
- But this approach misses a sufficient set because one of the sets with the collider DL requires no modification

Option 2: Resolve Colliders



Potential sufficient sets with a collider: REL, TD, DL REL, HI, DL

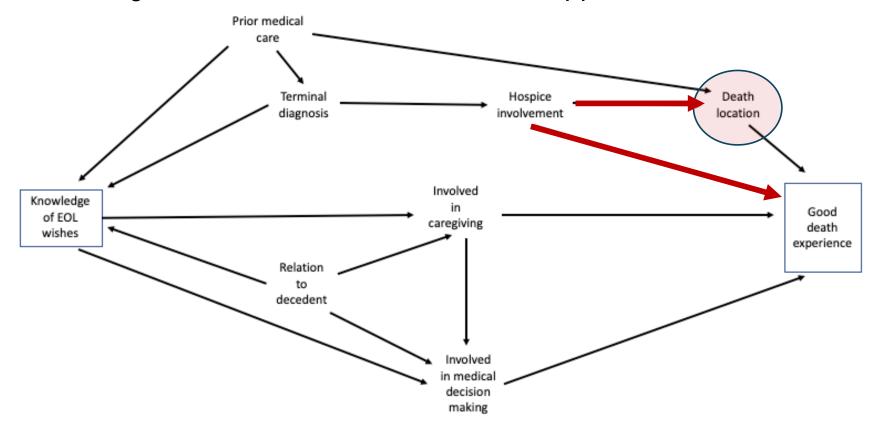
Resolving Colliders: REL, TD, *DL* – What Happens?



With REL, TD, DL:

Conditioning on DL opens the path PMC > DL < HI > GDE HL is not in the sufficient set, and must be added Although this could be possible, it is not minimal

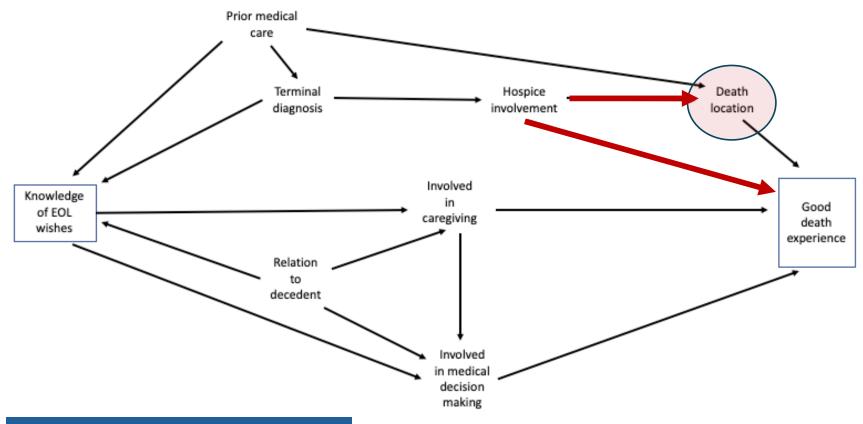
Resolving Colliders - REL, HI, DL: What Happens?



With REL, TD, DL:

Conditioning on DL opens the path PMC > DL < HI > GDE HL in this case HI is in the sufficient set and thus this colliding path is already blocked

Resolving Colliders



Final Mimimal Sufficient Sets:

REL, TD, PMC REL, HI, DL REL, HI, PMC